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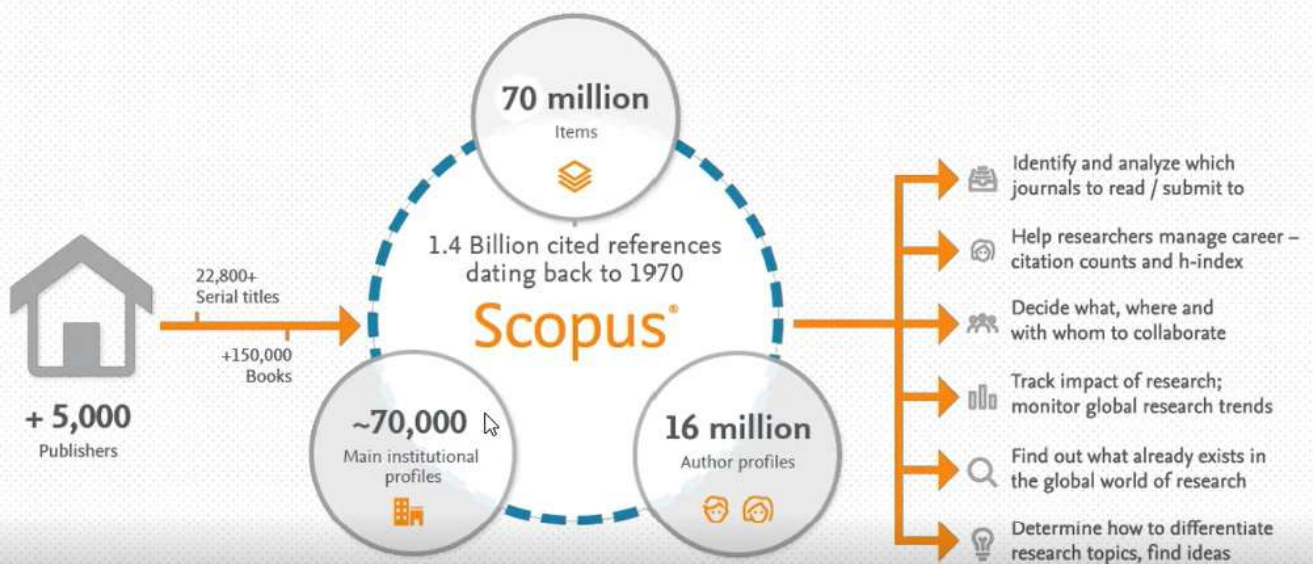
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- اطلاعات در قالب مقالات مجلات، مقالات کنفرانس، کتاب ها و نشریات تجاری ارائه می شود.
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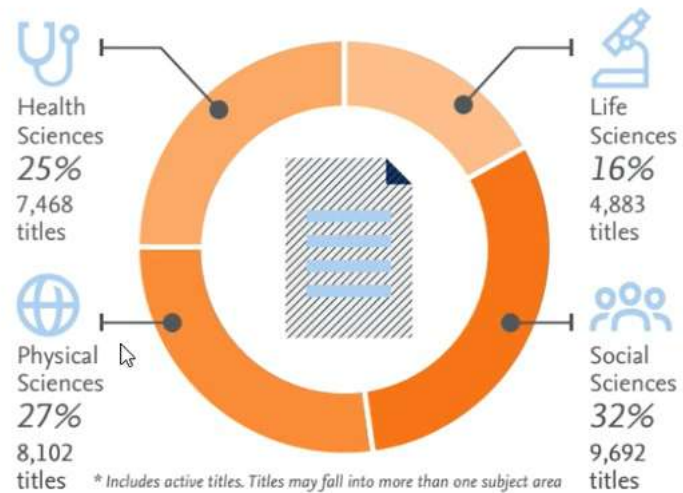
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Abstract

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Huang C.^a, Wang Y.^{b,c,d}, Li X.^e, Ren L.^b, Zhao J.^f, Hu Y.^g, Zhang L.^a, Fan G.^{h,c,e}, Xu J.ⁱ, Gu X.^{b,c,e}, Cheng Z.^m, Yu T.^a

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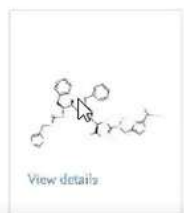
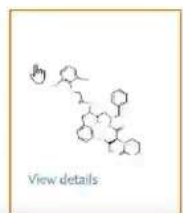
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... patients had lymphopenia. All 41 patients had pneumonia with abnormal findings on chest CT. Complications included acute respiratory distress syndrome (12 [29%]), RNAemia (six [15%]), acute cardiac injury (five [12%]) and secondary infection (four [10%]). 13 (32%) patients were admitted to an ICU and six (15%) died. Compared with non-ICU patients, ICU patients had higher plasma levels of IL2, IL7, IL10, GSCF, IP10, MCP1, MIP1A, and TNF α . Interpretation: The 2019-nCoV infection caused clusters of severe respiratory illness similar to severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus and was associated with ICU admission and high mortality. Major gaps in our knowledge of the origin, epidemiology, duration of human transmission, and clinical spectrum of disease need fulfilment by future studies. Funding: Ministry of Science and Technology, Chinese Academy of Medical Sciences, National Natural Science Foundation of China, and Beijing Municipal Science and Technology Commission. © 2020 Elsevier Ltd

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